

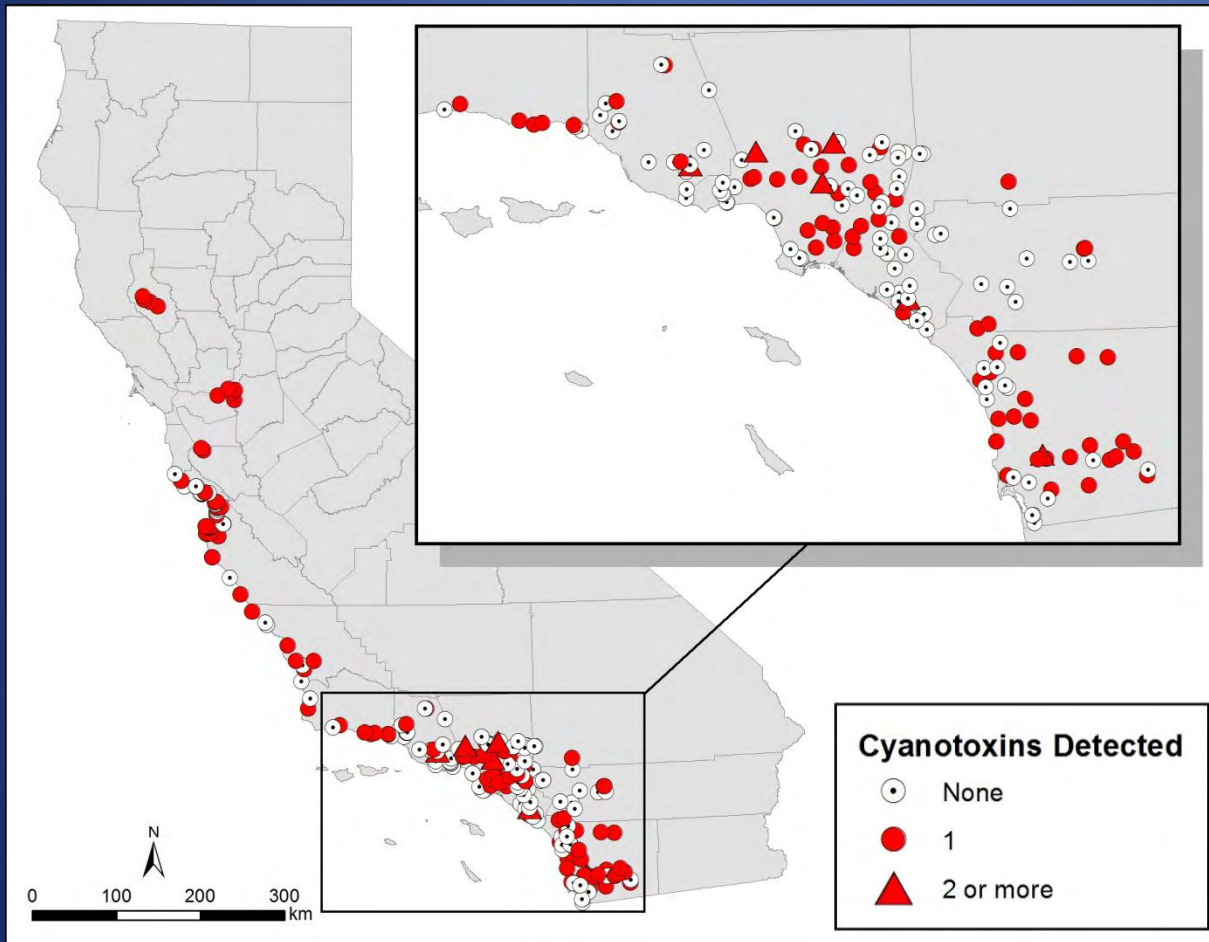
The Prevalence of Cyanotoxins in Southern California Waterbodies

Betty Fetscher & Meredith Howard

Lilian Busse, Raphael Kudela, Tracey Magrann,
David Tsukada, Becky Schaffner, Martha Sutula, Eric Stein



Microcystins Detected in California 2010-2012



UC Santa Cruz

SCCWRP

USGS

Coastal Confluences

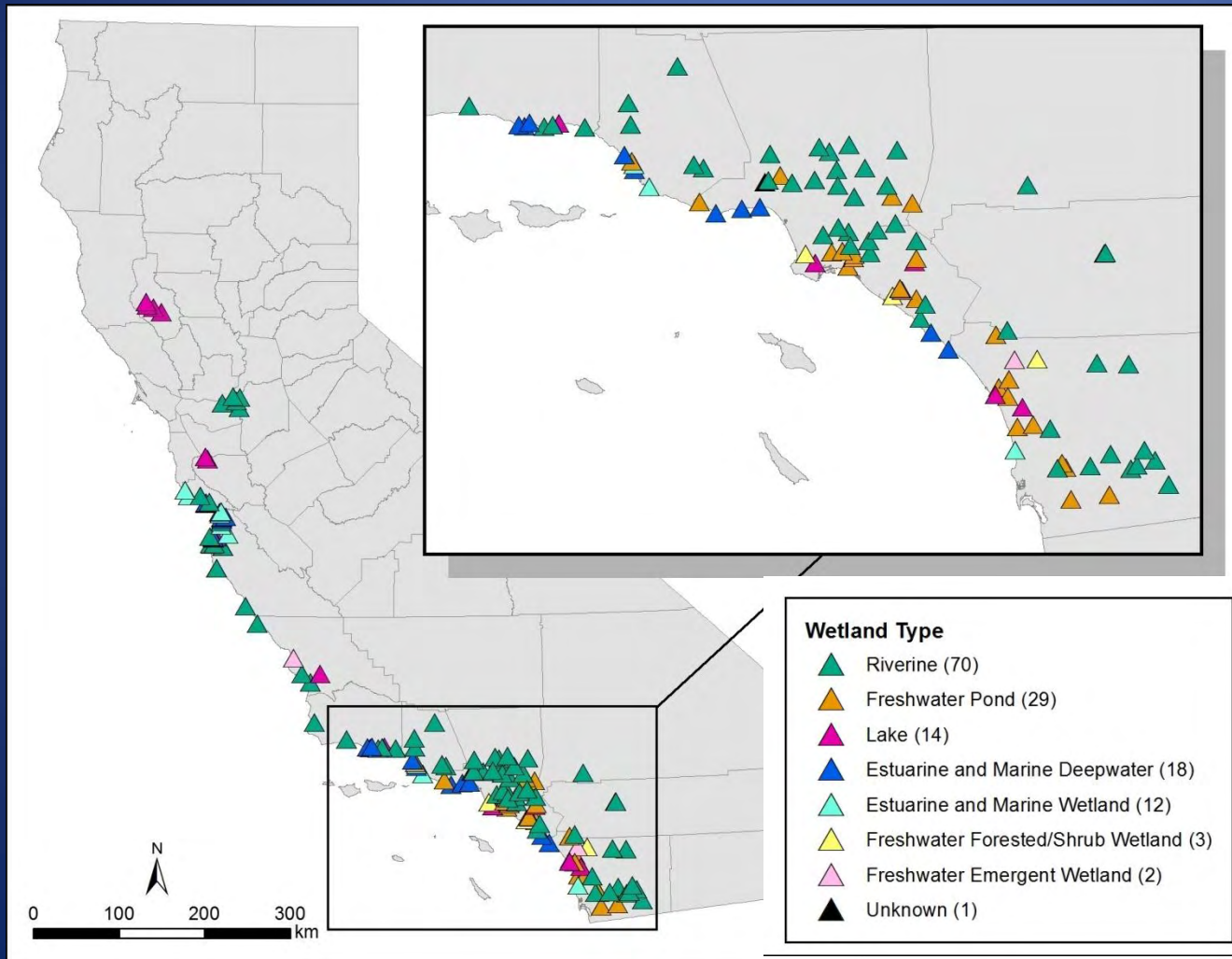
Regional Board 9

CalFED

Stormwater Monitoring
Coalition

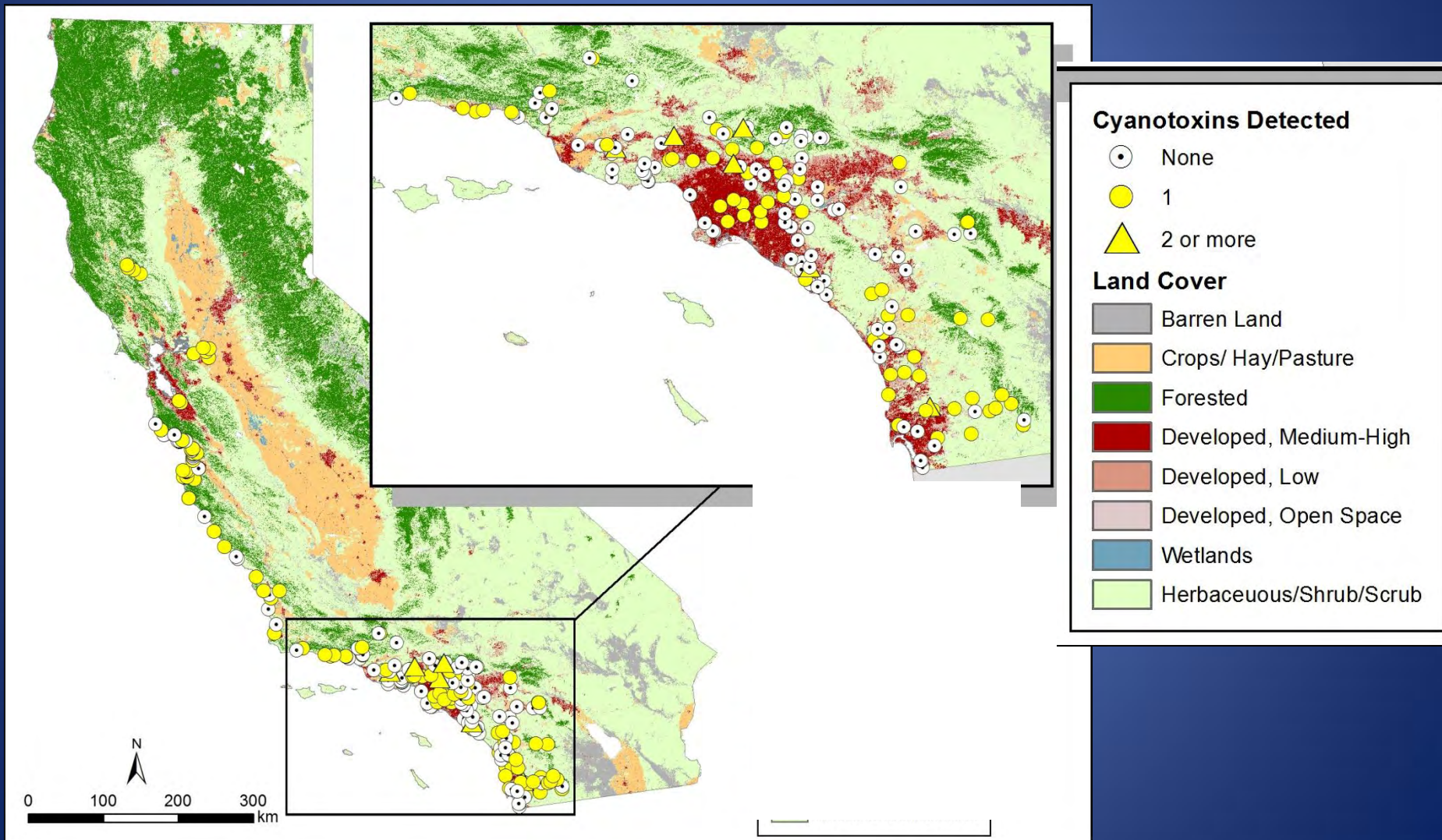
- Other Cyanotoxins detected
 - Anatoxin-a
 - Cylindrospermopsin
 - Lyngbyatoxin
 - Saxitoxin

Microcystins Detected In a Variety of Waterbodies



- Wetlands
- Lagoons
- Lakes
- Ponds
- Streams
- Rivers
- Estuaries
- Seawater

Microcystins Detected Across Many Land Use Types



Cyanotoxins: Considered to be “Contaminants of Emerging Concern”

- Dedicated session held at 2012 national meeting of Society of Environmental Toxicology & Chemistry (SETAC)
- Special cyanotoxins issue under consideration in *Environmental Toxicology*

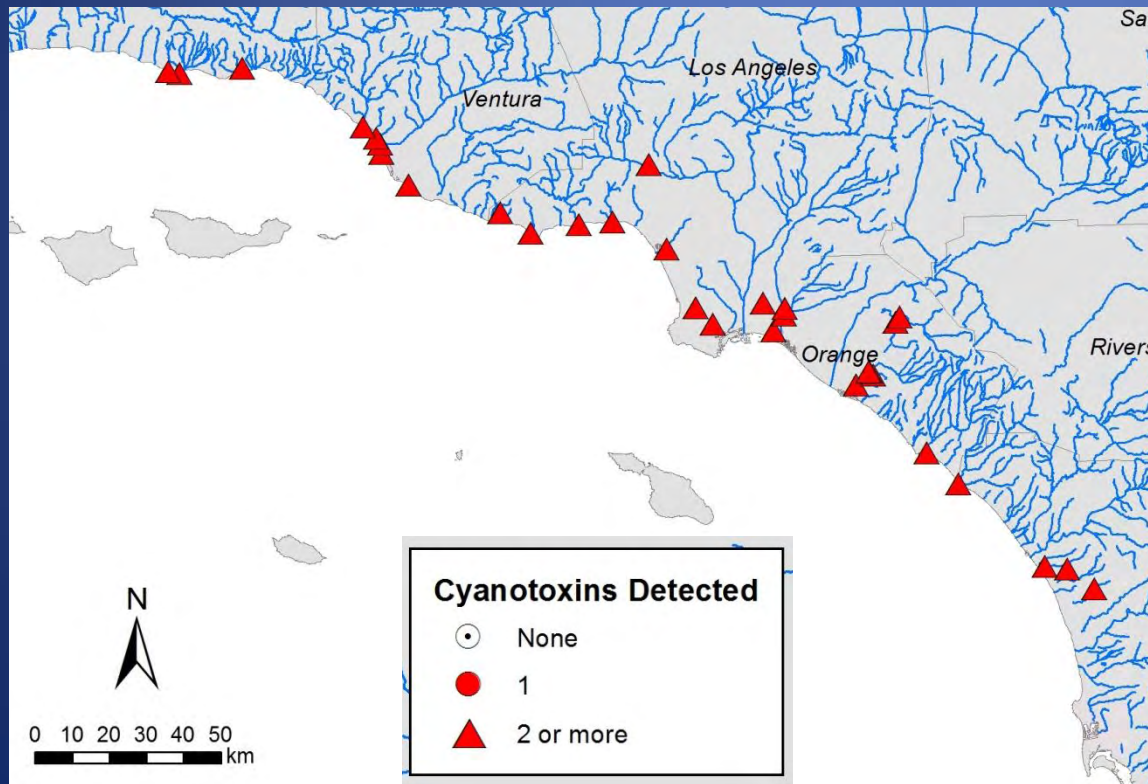
Multiple Cyanotoxins Detected in Coastal Waterbodies

- Grab Samples Collected in August 2009

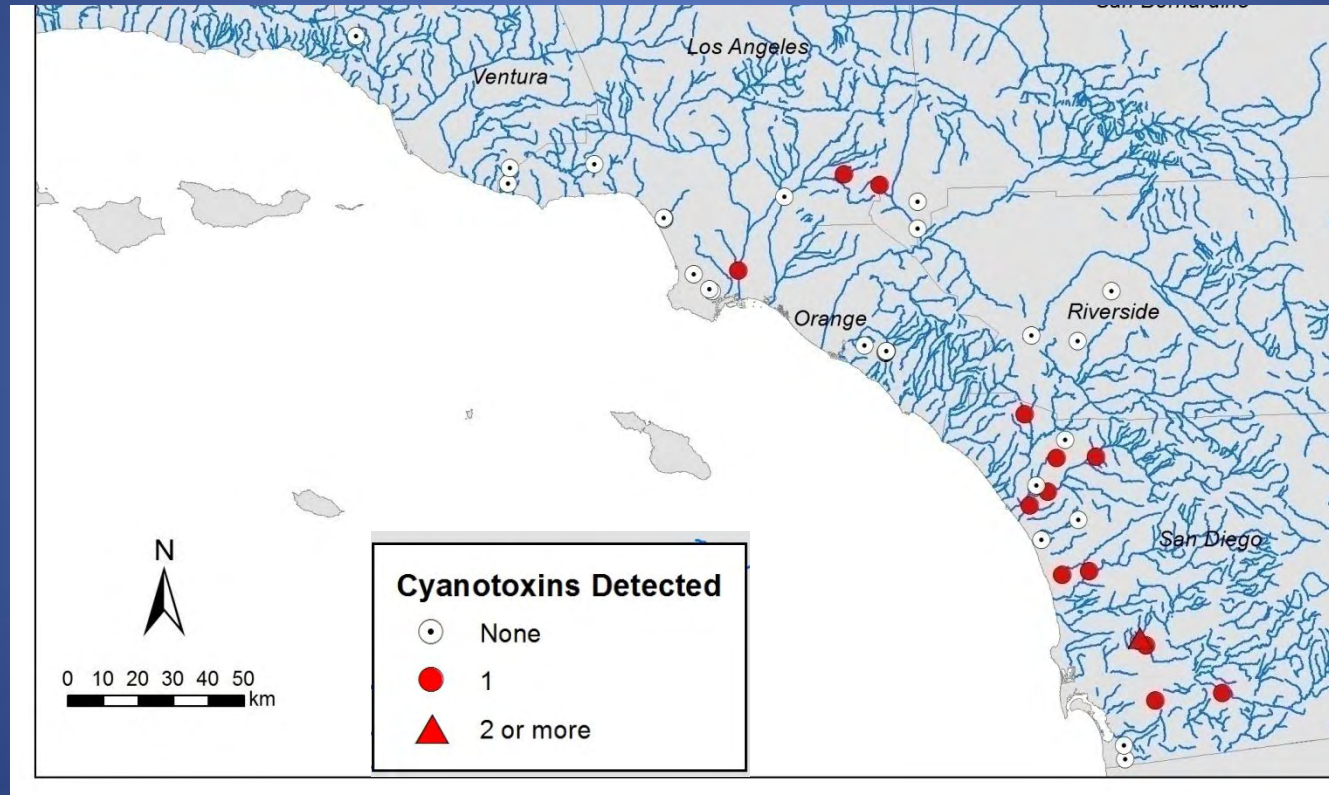
**100% samples positive
for 3 cyanotoxins:**

- Microcystins
- Anatoxin-a
- Cylindrospermopsin

3 Sites Exceeded CA Action Levels



Cyanotoxins Detected in Depressional Wetlands

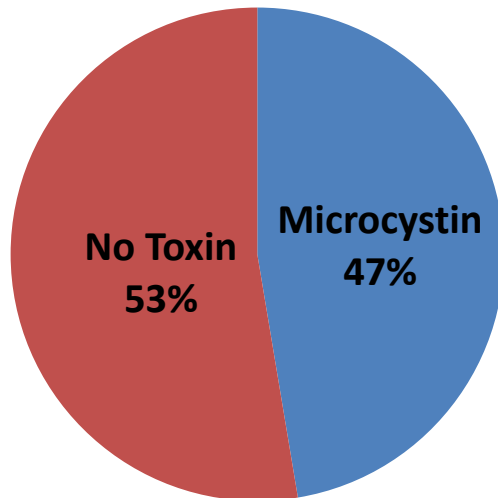


Probabilistic study that collected one time grab samples in
Spring 2012

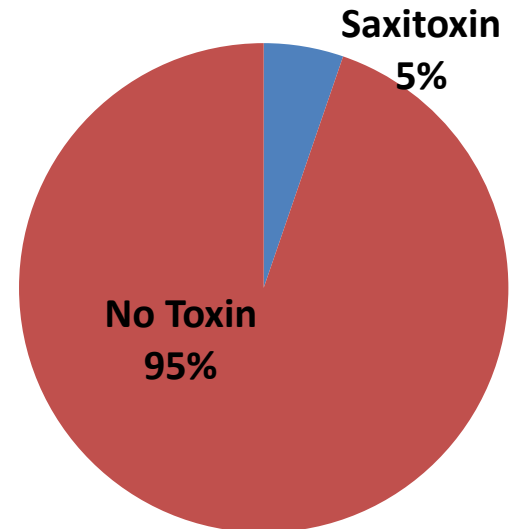
Percentage of Depressional Wetlands Sites Where Cyanotoxins Detected

Spring 2012

Microcystin



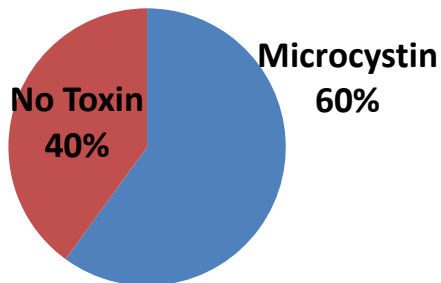
Saxitoxin



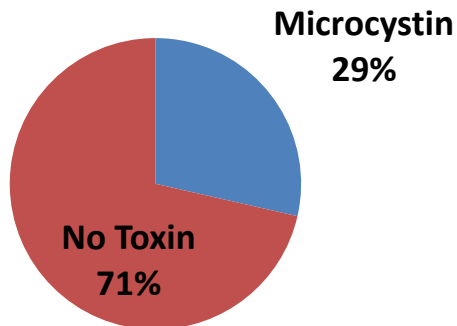
Expanded Study in San Diego Region: Toxin Results Across Multiple Seasons

Microcystins

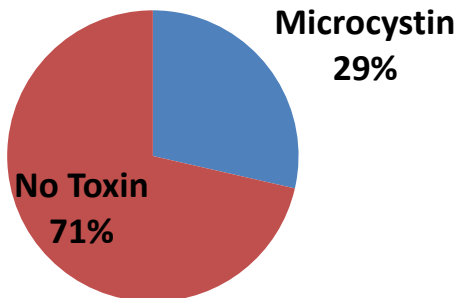
Spring 2012



Summer 2012

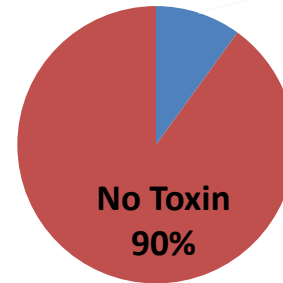


Fall 2012

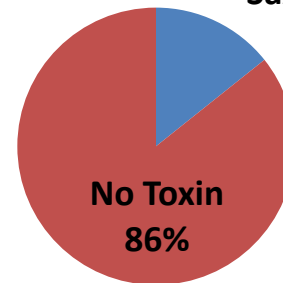


Saxitoxin

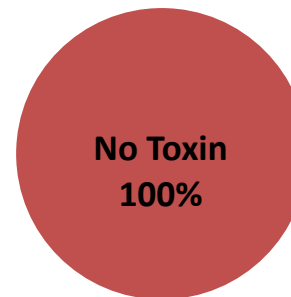
**Saxitoxin
10%**



**Saxitoxin
14%**

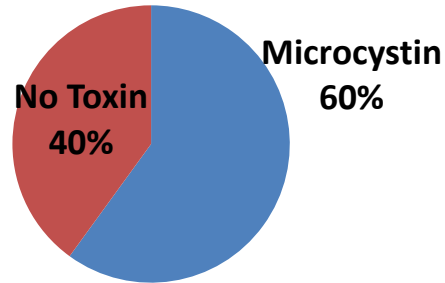


**Saxitoxin
0%**

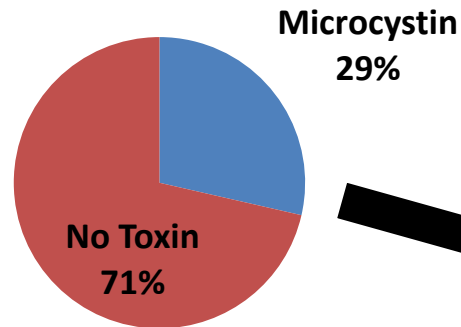


San Diego: SPATT Results Show Double The Number of Sites With Toxin

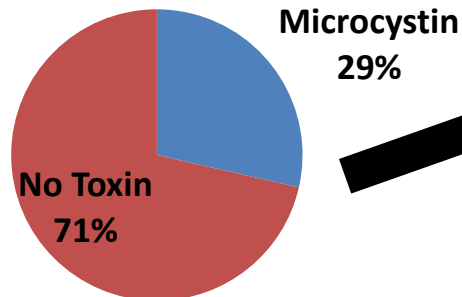
Spring 2012



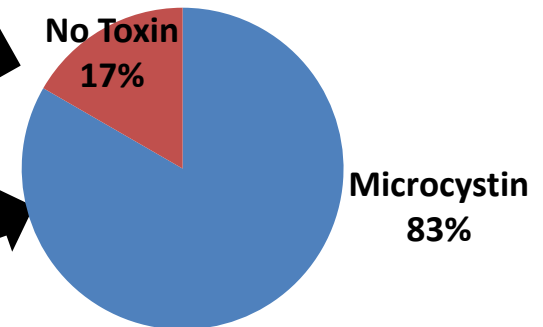
Summer 2012



Fall 2012



SPATT Samples
Summer through Fall



Cyanotoxins in Wadeable Streams

- Potentially important source of toxin loading
- Toxin production in streams may be exacerbated by increased heat & alterations to flow regimes:
 - Loss of riparian habitat for shading
 - Hydromodification; stagnation
 - “Perennialization” of intermittent streams by anthropogenic nuisance flows

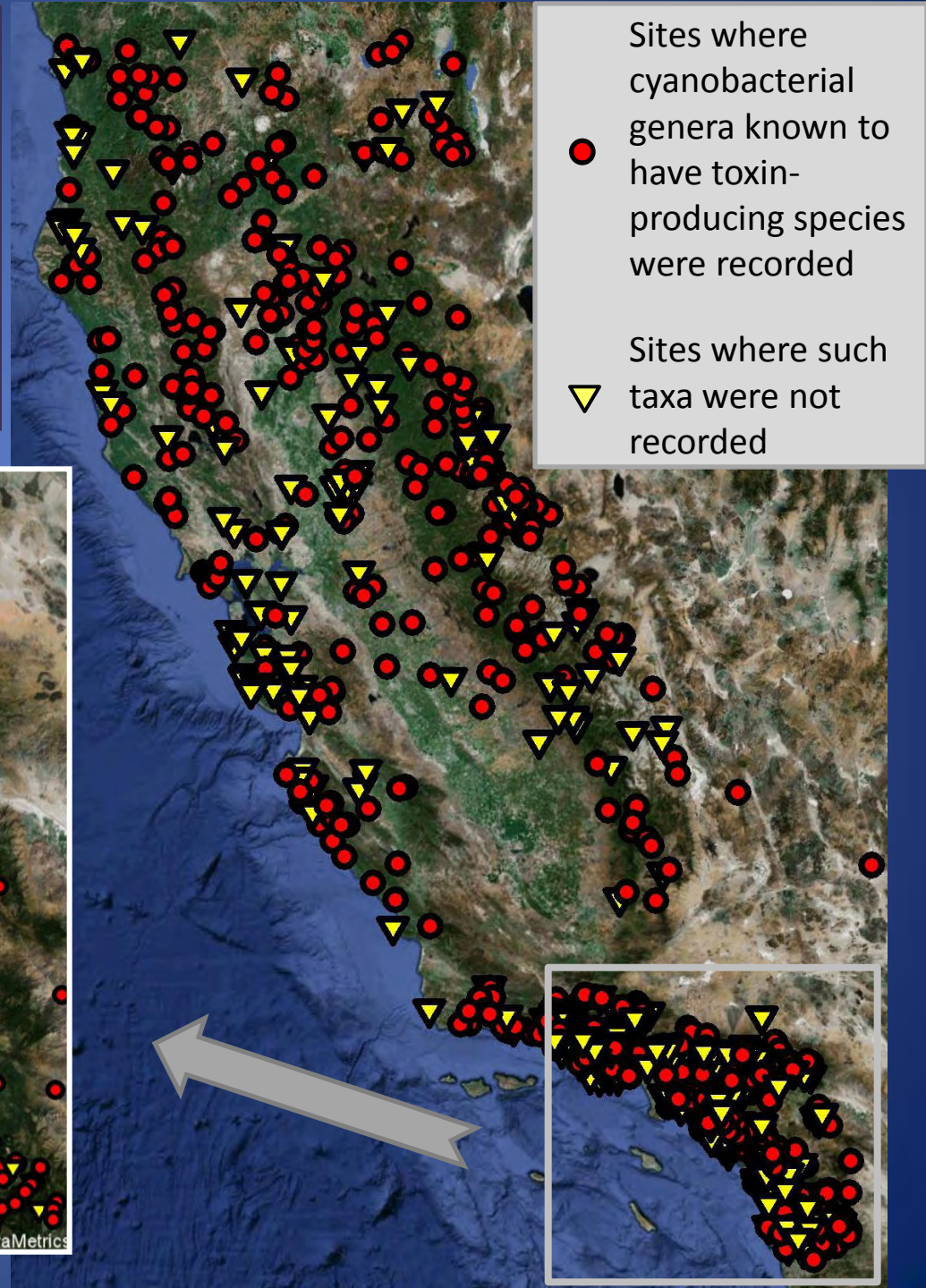
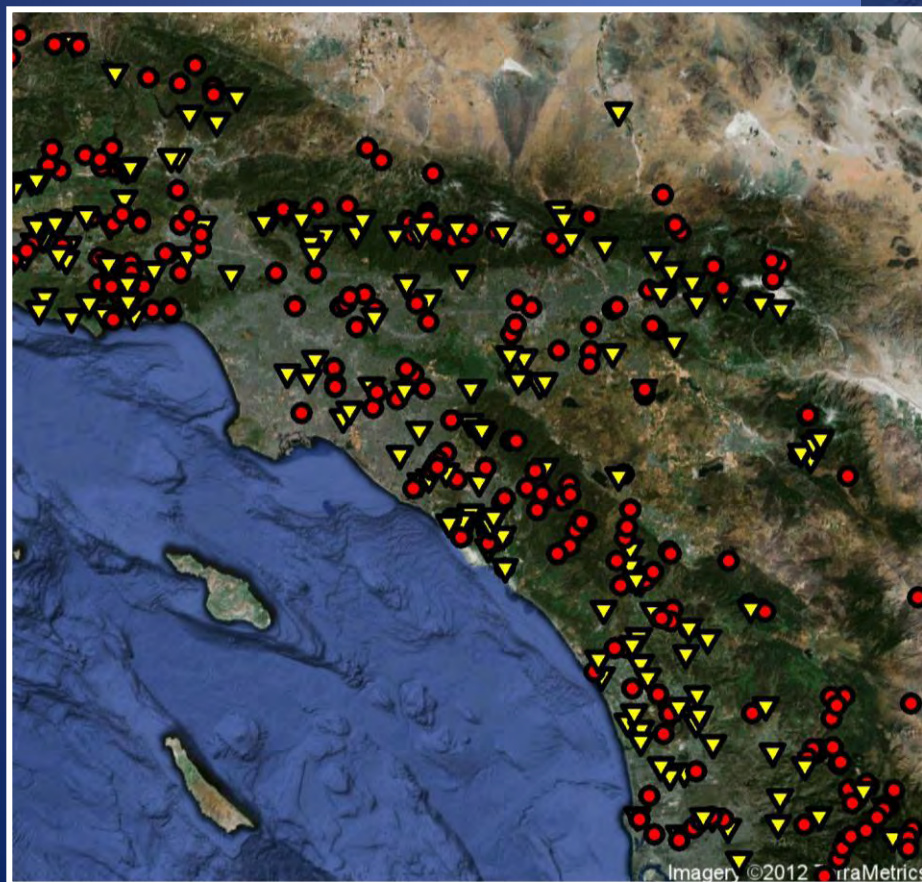


Cyanotoxins in Wadeable Streams

- Cyanotoxins may help explain “mystery toxicity” in undeveloped catchments (*w/ atm. dep. of nutrients?*)
- Potential effects on food web, aquatic life uses
 - Some evidence (Spain) for cyanotoxin impacts to benthic macroinvertebrates (incl. EPT taxa)
 - Role in causal assessment (CA biological-objectives framework)
 - Biotic index interpretation



Locations of California
stream bioassessment sites
where benthic algae were
sampled, 2007 - 2011
(N = 928 sites)



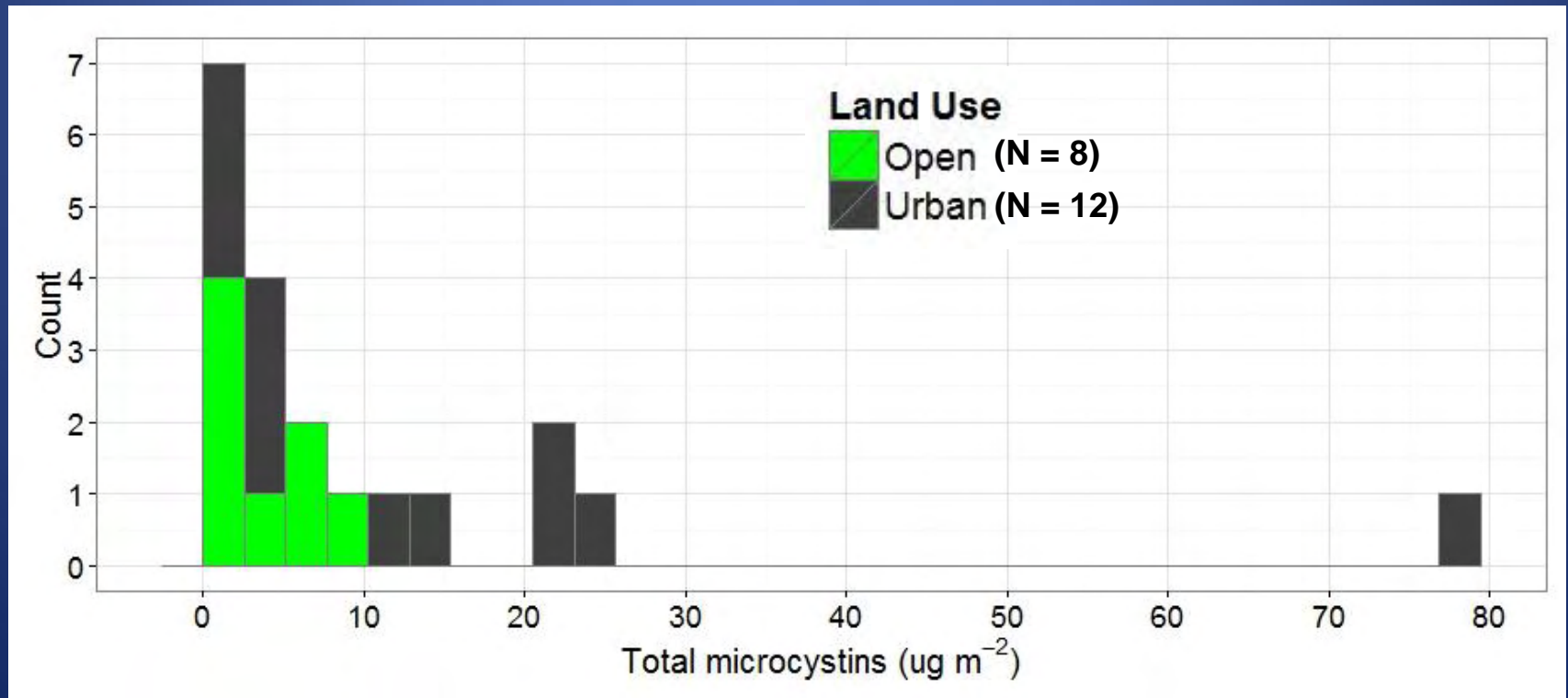
Methods: Stream Benthic Cyanotoxin Sampling

- Quantitatively scrape/brush biofilms from substrata & take cuttings from algal mats
- Homogenize into slurry
- Filter measured amount on glass-fiber filter; store frozen
- LC-MS/ELISA



Stream Pilot Study (MCY & ATX) – Yr 1

- LA/San Gabriel Rivers watersheds (N=20 samples)
- Microcystin hits at **75%** of urban sites, **57%** of open
- 4 microcystin congeners detected; no anatoxin-a

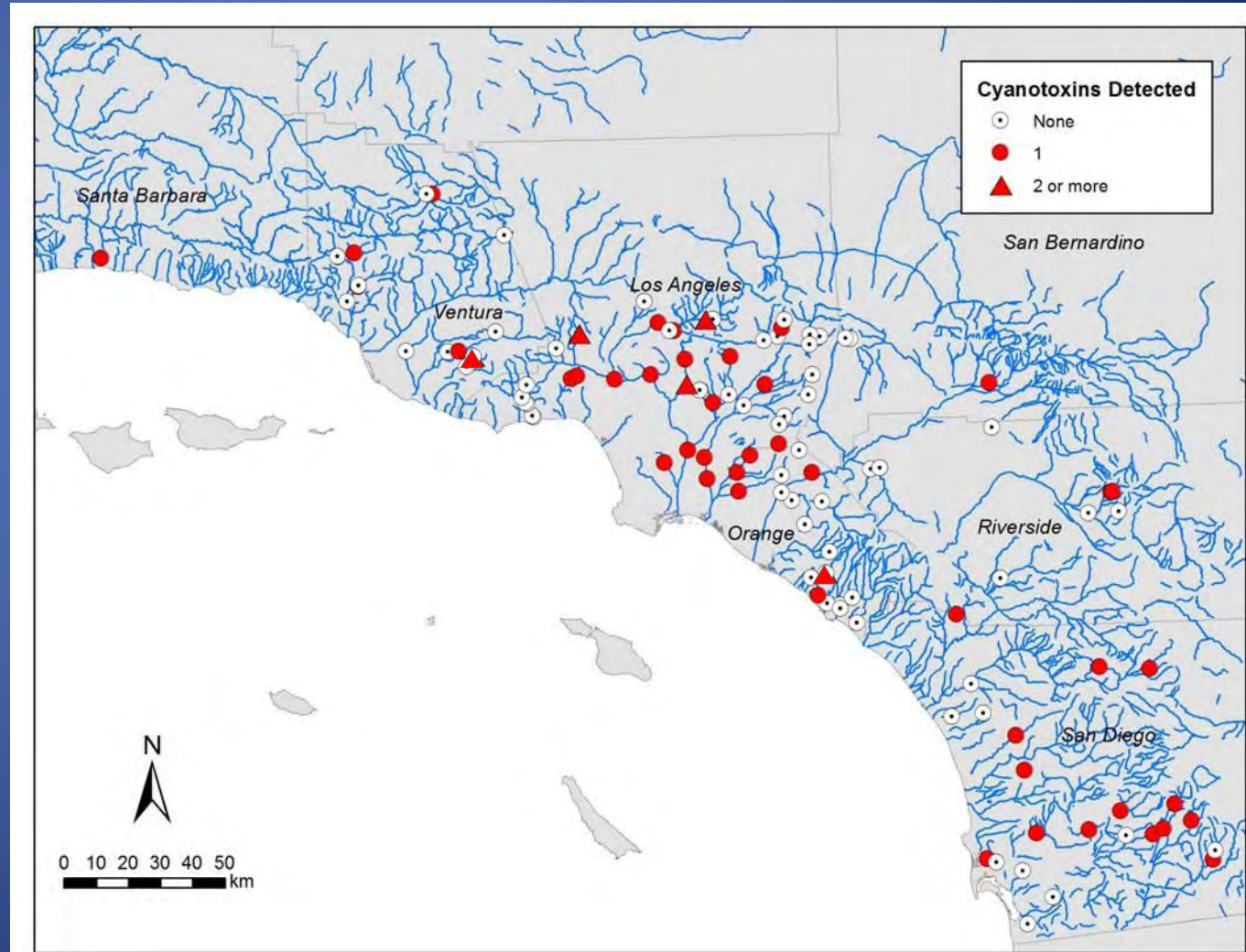


Multiple Cyanotoxins

Analyzed & Detected in Streams – Yr 2

Cyanotoxins evaluated at the subset of sites with positive toxicity bioassay results:

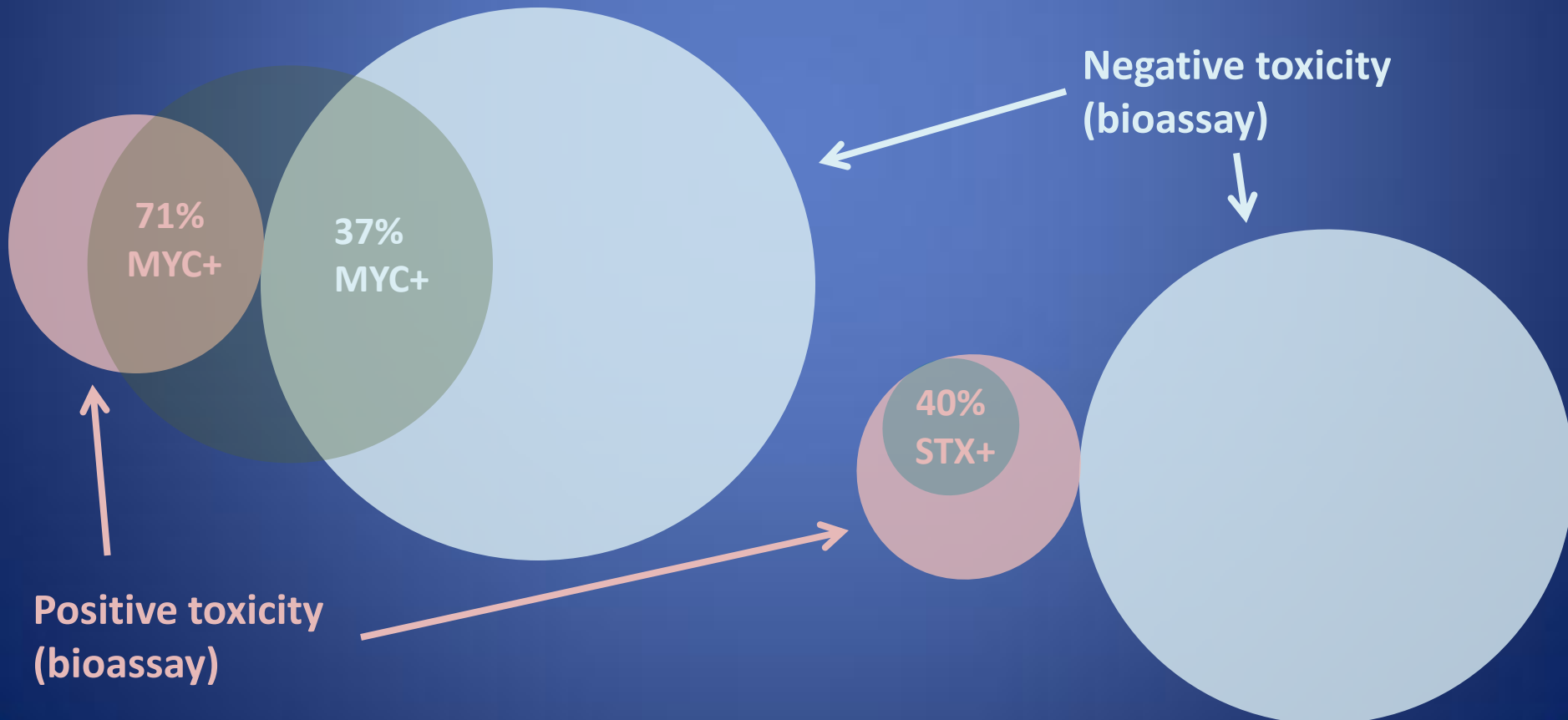
- Microcystins
- Lyngbyatoxin
- Anatoxin-a
- Saxitoxin
- Cylindrospermopsin
- Nodularin



Any Evidence for Relationship between Detection of Stream Benthic Cyanotoxins and Toxicity Bioassay Results?

Total Microcystins (N = 99 sites)

Saxitoxin (N = 81 sites)

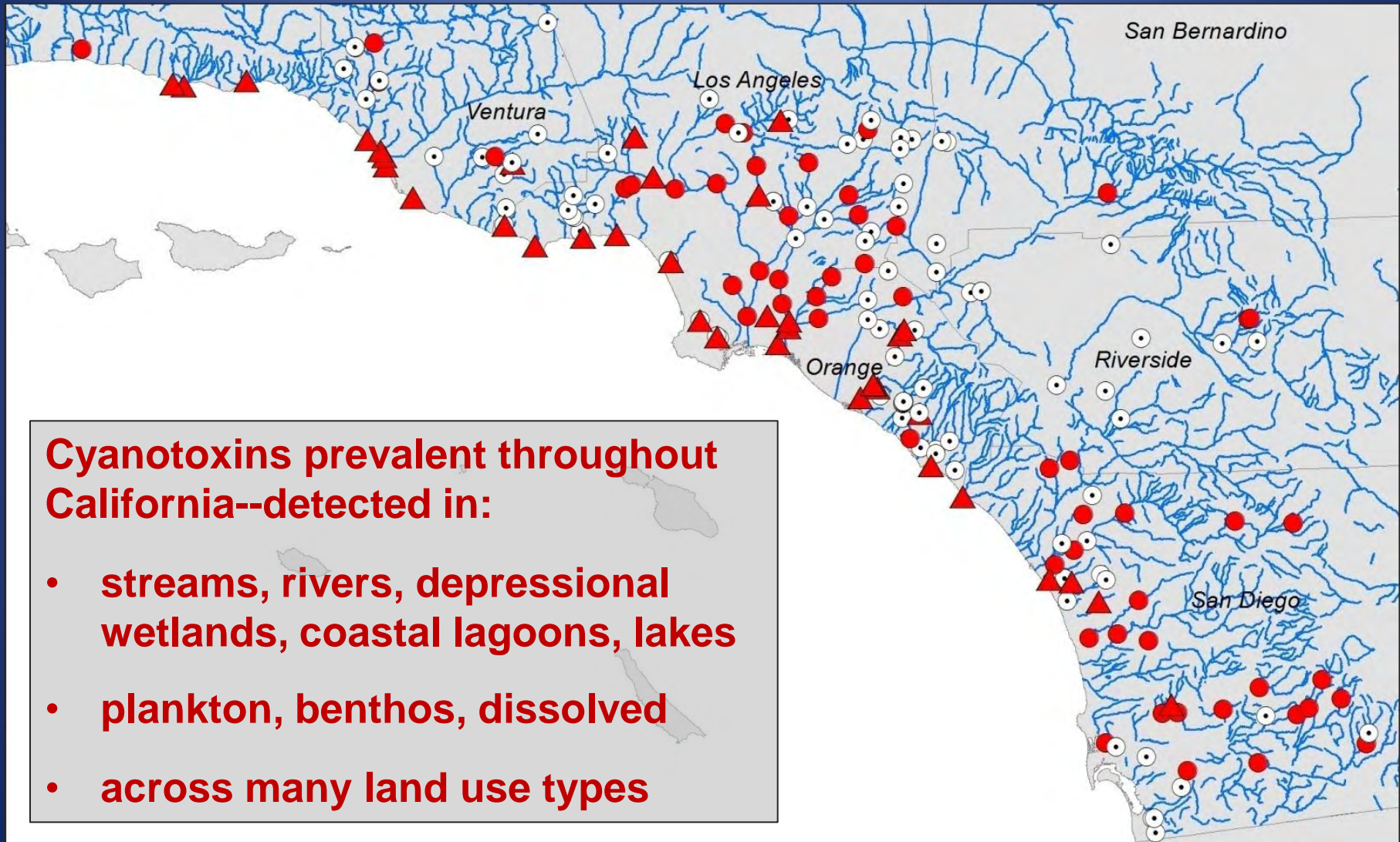


Summary of Yr 1 & 2 Stream Benthic Cyanotoxin Results

	Total microcystins	Lyngbya -toxin	Saxitoxin	Anatoxin	Cylindro-spermopsin	Nodularin
Sites tested	MCY	LYNG	STX	ATX	CYL	NOD
%	38	21*	5	3*	0	0
count	120	14	101	33	14	14

* Sites were preferentially selected for these additional cyanotoxin analyses based on positive results in toxicity bioassays.

Numerous & Varied Loading Sources for Cyanotoxins



Acknowledgements

- Stormwater Monitoring Coalition crews
(ABC Labs., Weston, AMEC, CSULB, Cal DFG)
- SWAMP/PSA, RCMP, SMC monitoring programs
- CSU San Marcos (Rosalina Stancheva,
Christina Vanderwerken, Robert Sheath)
- So. Cal. Coastal Water Research Project
- SD Regional Water Quality Control Board
- UC Santa Cruz (Kendra Hayashi)
- US Geological Survey